### Area of Operation VII - Task B

## **Holding Procedures**



#### **Key References:**

- Instrument Flying Handbook
- AIM

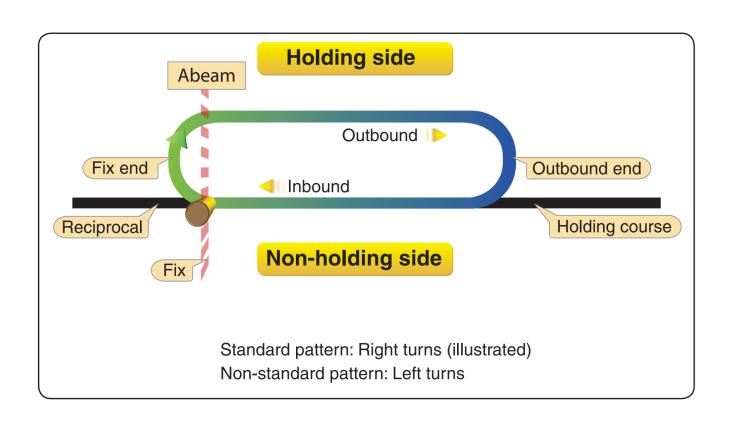
#### Content

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Hold Instructions
- 3. Drawing a Hold
- 4. Entry Procedures
- 5. Flying a Hold
- 6. Communications
- 7. Setting up Holds in the Navigator

- What: IFR maneuver used to keep a plane in a specific protected area for a certain amount of time
- Why: Delays, weather, and other criteria can result in holding, which is expected to be performed as instructed

#### Holding Basics:

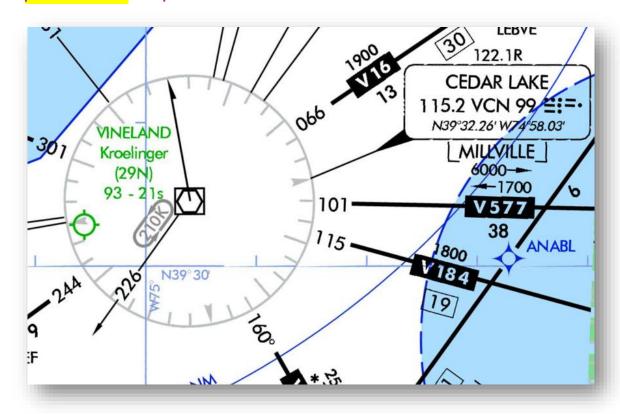
- Standard Holding Pattern
  - Right turns
  - 1-minute inbound leg ≤ 14,000' MSL
  - 1.5-minute inbound leg > 14,000' MSL
- Holding Airspeeds
  - ≤ 6,000' → 200 knots
  - o 6,001' and 14,000' → 230 knots



### 2. Hold Instructions

- Usually "Hold as published"
  - o ATC will give you the fix
- If not published, ATC will give you:
  - Direction of holding from the fix
  - Holding fix
  - o Radial, course, bearing, airway or route to hold on
  - Leg length in miles if DME/RNAV
  - Turn direction (if left turns)
- ATC will give you EFC time (Expect Further Clearance)
- If arrived at your clearance limit without a clearance beyond it:
  - Maintain the last altitude
  - Hold as depicted
  - o If no depiction: Standard hold on the approach course

"N436SP hold <u>south of the Cedar Lake VOR</u> <mark>as published</mark>. Expect further clearance at 12:30 Zulu."



### 2. Hold Instructions

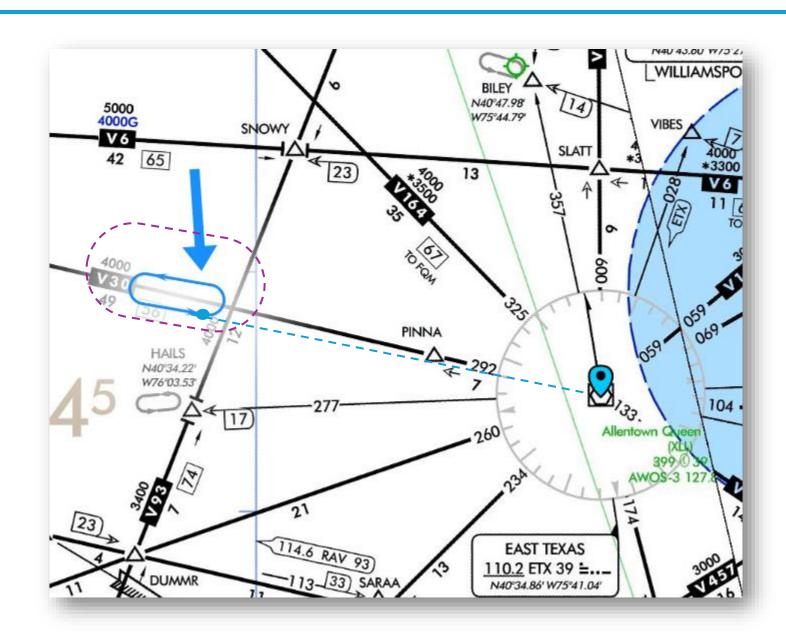
#### **DFRATE**

"N436SP hold west of the East Texas VOR, 290 radial, 20 DME, 4000, left turns, 5-mile legs.

Expect further clearance at 12:30 Zulu"

#### Protected Area:

- Defined by the <u>TERPS criteria</u>
   (Standards for Term. Instr. Procedures)
- Uses complex tables to determine how wide a holding area must be
- The protected area is always on the side of the holding (do not turn to the wrong side)
- Always write down holding procedures
- Do not confuse "Radial" vs "Course"
  - Ex: 290 radial → 110 Course
  - ATC may give you either one



### 3. Drawing a Hold

#### On Paper

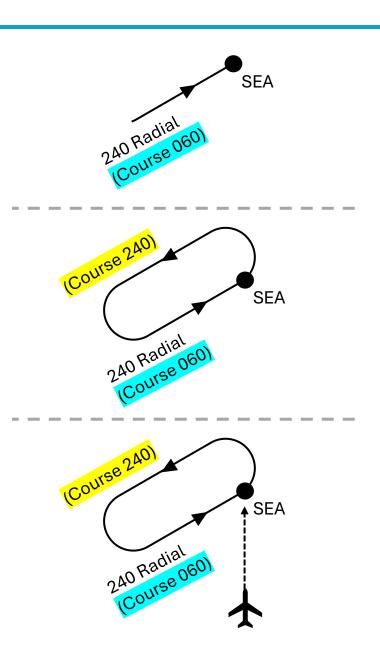
- Draw the <u>holding fix</u>
- Draw the inbound leg
- Note the inbound course
- Draw the 1st 180° turn
- o Draw the outbound leg & turn
- Note the outbound heading
- Verify the hold
- Draw your location
- Select and draw the entry procedure

### Directly on the HDG/HSI

- Head towards the fix
- Follow steps above using the HSI compass as reference (your airplane at the fix)
- Select entry procedure



"Hold West of SEA, Radial 240, Left Turns..."



#### AIM 5-3-8

#### Parallel (a)

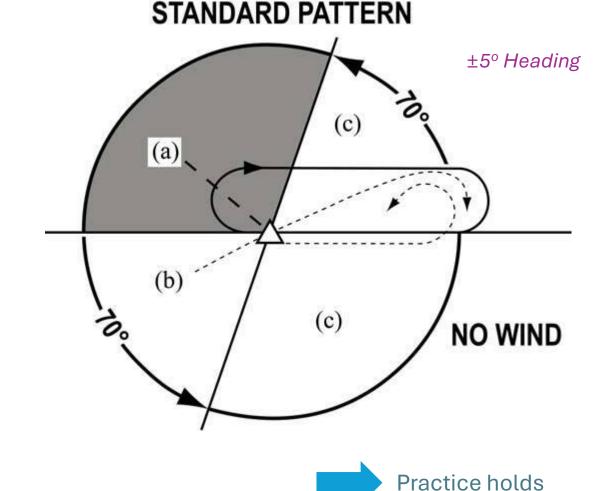
- o Approaching from anywhere in the gray (a) area
- Parallel the hold outbound for 1 minute
- Turn > 180° toward the hold to intercept inbound

#### Teardrop (b)

- Approaching from anywhere in the (b) area
- o Fly 30° into the hold for 1 minute
- Turn in the direction of the hold to intercept inbound

### Direct (c)

- Approaching from anywhere in the (c) area
- o Turn in the direction of the hold to the outbound leg
- Slow to hold speed within 3 minutes of the holding fix



- Note 1: The Pilot is expected to Fly Over the fix before initiating an entry
- Note 2: When using RNAV lateral guidance for holding, it is permissible to allow the system to compute the holding entry

### Going back to the previous example – what entry should be performed?

"Hold West of SEA, Radial 240, Left Turns..."

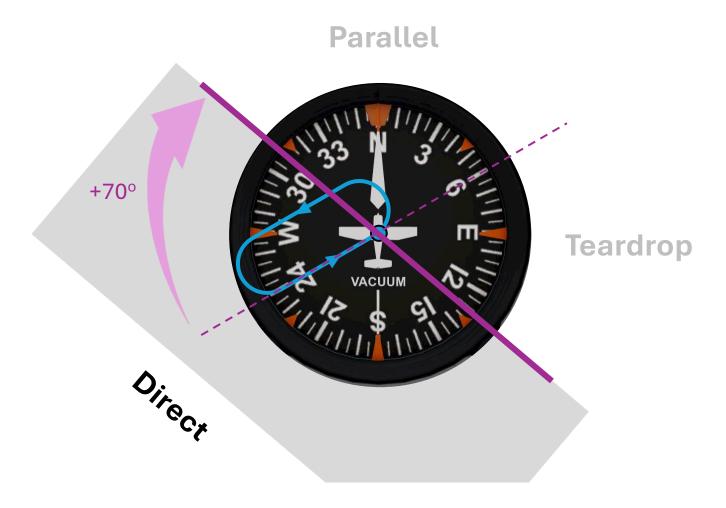


### Going back to the previous example – what entry should be performed?

"Hold West of SEA, Radial 240, Left Turns..."

A: DIRECT





### **Another Example – what entry should be performed?**

"Hold NE of SEA, Course 240..."



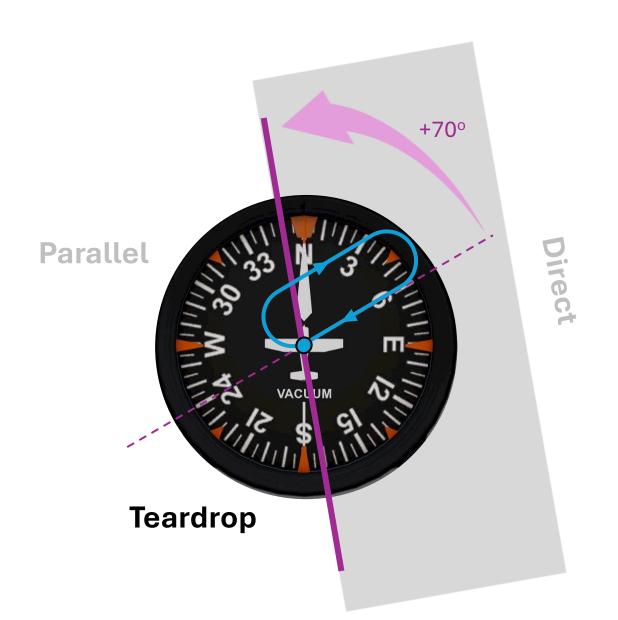
### Another Example - what entry should be performed?

"Hold NE of SEA, Course 240..."

A: TEARDROP

(turn heading 030 after crossing the fix)





### 4. Entry Procedures | Thumb Method

- 1. Place your thumb (about 20° above the perpendicular line): Left Thumb → Left Turns, Right Thumb → Right Turns
- 2. Draw imaginary lines 
  Above the thumb is TEARDROP, below is DIRECT, opposite is PARALELL
- 3. See your OUTBOUND heading → The sector it falls will be your entry method

"Hold West of SEA, Radial 240, Left Turns..."

A: DIRECT



"Hold NE of SEA, Course 240..."

A: TEARDROP (turn heading 030 after crossing the fix)

Teardrop ~20°

Parallel

### 5. Flying a Hold

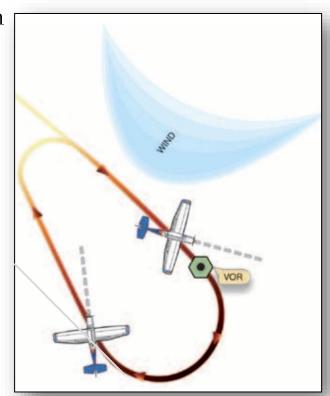
### Use heading bug and OBS to track inbound/outbound

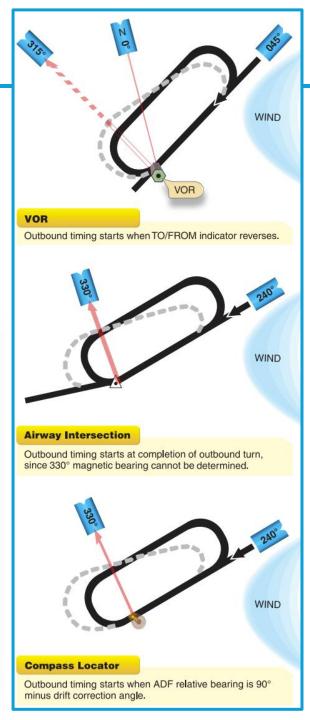
### Timing Begins:

- Over or abeam the holding fix, whichever is later
- VOR: When the <u>To/From flag reverses</u>
- Airway Intersection or if abeam cannot be determined: Completion of the outbound turn
- o Compass Locator: ADF RB is 90° minus drift correction
- DME Fix: turn reaching the specified DME distance

#### Wind Correction

- Inbound Leg:
  - Crab into the wind to maintain course
  - o Note WCA required
- Outbound Leg:
  - 3x the inbound WCA
     (e.g. 4° inbound → 12° outbound)
  - ✓ Triple to compensate for 2 turns and the normal outbound leg crab





### 6. Communications

- Mandatory Reporting at all times [AIM 5-3-3]
  - (a)(1)(f) → The time and altitude or flight level upon reaching a holding fix or point to which cleared
  - (a)(1)(g) → When leaving any assigned holding fix or point
- Lost Communication Procedure → Leaving the Clearance Limit (CL) [91.185]
  - Hold until time to leave the CL
  - o If the fix is a point where approach begin
    - ✓ <u>Start descent/approach</u> as close as possible to the EFC
    - ✓ If no EFC → leave as close as possible to the ETA based on ETE
  - Otherwise
    - ✓ Proceed to the fix where the approach begins at the EFC (or upon arrival at the Clearance Limit if no EFC)
    - ✓ Start the descent/approach <u>as close as possible to the ETA</u>



### 7. Setting up Holds in the Navigator

### Garmin 650/750 (similar to all other Garmin touchscreen GPS)

- Select the 'Flight Plan' icon from the main menu
- Add/select waypoint in flight plan from the Active Flight Plan
- Select 'Hold at Waypoint' from the Waypoint Options menu
- Select the holding course received by ATC using the 'Course Direction' option
- Select right or left turns if applicable
- Select the 'Leg Type' depending on time or distance, and set time/distance
- If an EFC is received, you can enter it there
- Select 'Load Hold' to activate

#### • G1000

- Select the 'Flight Plan' and highlight the waypoint
- 'Menu' and select 'Hold at Waypoint'
- Similar steps as above

If you received a Radial from ATC, instead of a Course, load the "Direction" as "Outbound"





# Questions?

